

ISBD 2020

Voorspellers van een bipolaire stoornis bij kinderen en jongeren

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**VIRTUAL
conference**
2020 VISION FOR
BIPOLAR DISORDER
AND DEPRESSION

JUNE 18-21, 2020

22ND ANNUAL CONFERENCE OF
**THE INTERNATIONAL
SOCIETY FOR BIPOLAR
DISORDERS**

isbd2020.com 

Bipolar Offspring Study Pittsburg (BIOS)

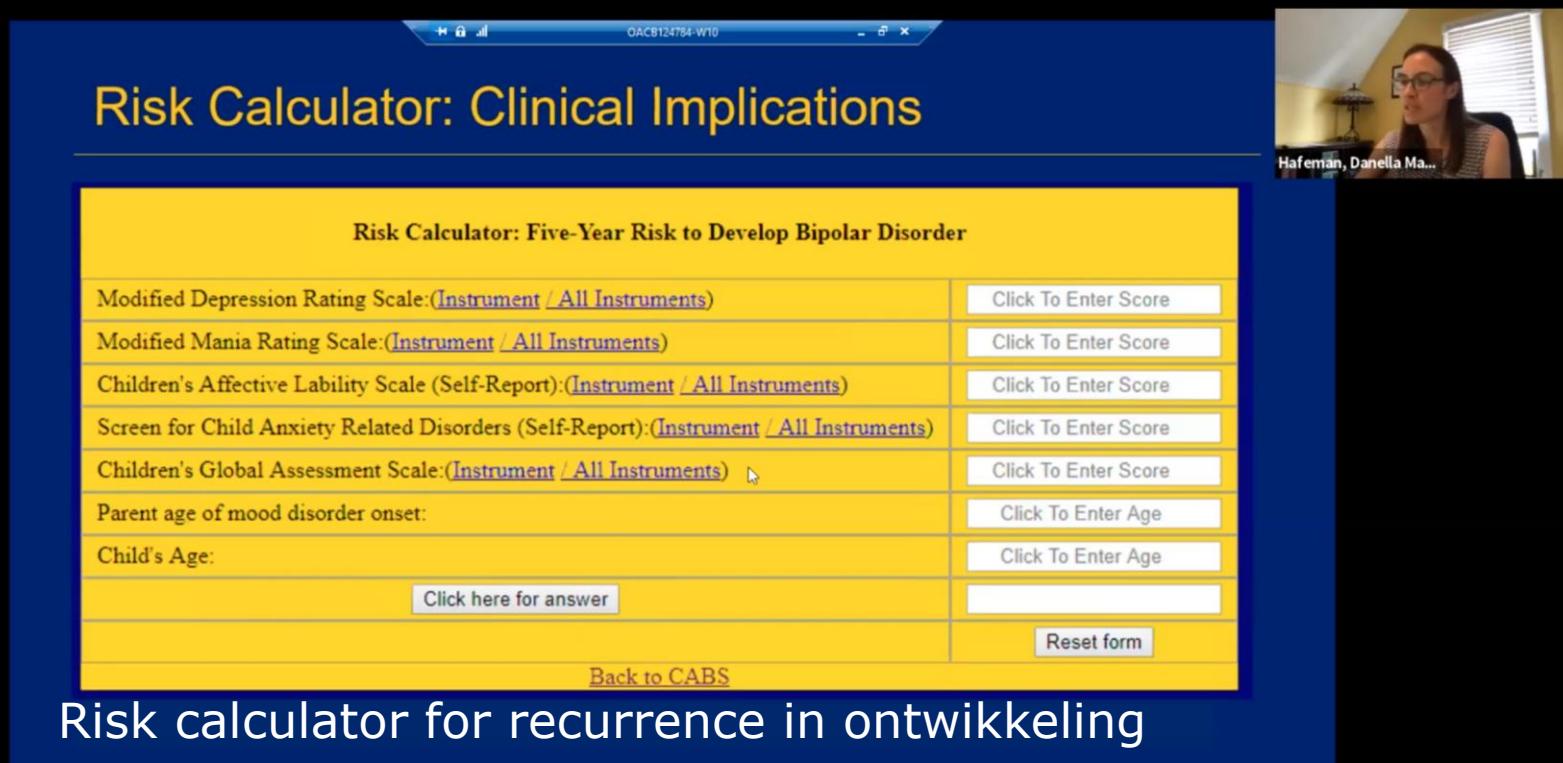
235 ouders met BD en hun kinderen en 141 controle ouders met kinderen

6-18 jaar oud, FU > 10 jaar

25% bipolar spectrum disorder

Angst-depressie > stemmingslabilitet> subsyndromale manische sympt> BD

Relatie met beginleeftijd BD ouders



Risk Calculator: Clinical Implications

Risk Calculator: Five-Year Risk to Develop Bipolar Disorder

Modified Depression Rating Scale:(Instrument / All Instruments)	Click To Enter Score
Modified Mania Rating Scale:(Instrument / All Instruments)	Click To Enter Score
Children's Affective Liability Scale (Self-Report):(Instrument / All Instruments)	Click To Enter Score
Screen for Child Anxiety Related Disorders (Self-Report):(Instrument / All Instruments)	Click To Enter Score
Children's Global Assessment Scale:(Instrument / All Instruments)	Click To Enter Score
Parent age of mood disorder onset:	Click To Enter Age
Child's Age:	Click To Enter Age
Click here for answer	
Reset form	

Back to CABS

Risk calculator for recurrence in ontwikkeling

Longitudinal Assessment of Manic Symptoms (LAMS)

685 deelnemers, 6-12 jaar bij start

geïncludeerd op basis van voorkomen manische symptomen

6 jaar follow-up > 65 jongeren diagnose BD

In dit cohort risk calculator toegepast > werkte niet

Risk calculator for familial or clinical high risk samples



Kans is klein dat jongeren die een BD ontwikkelen geen symptomen hebben voor zij aan de diagnostische criteria voldoen

Risk calculator kan helpen om inschatting te maken bij aspecifieke symptomen

Er is tijd tussen symptomen en syndroom/diagnose voor interveniëren

Brainstorming session: next steps in staging. early identification of BD in youth

Conclusions



- First study to implement a **risk stratification tool** based on machine learning techniques to **identify** subjects who will develop BD in a general population cohort based on **demographic and clinical factors**.
- BD identified in the early stages may be less treatment refractory → **predictive tool** provides a crucial opportunity to **early interventions**, thus preventing a more pernicious course of the illness.



Longitudinal Assessment of Manic Symptoms (LAMS)

Adjustment due to other symptom trajectories (anxiety, functioning excluded)

Aged excluded

>>> Screening of manic and depressive symptoms

And add family history of BD

Future other factors: temperament, BAS, Goalstriving, comorbidity (ADHD), sleep/circadian rhythm, EMA, actigraphy